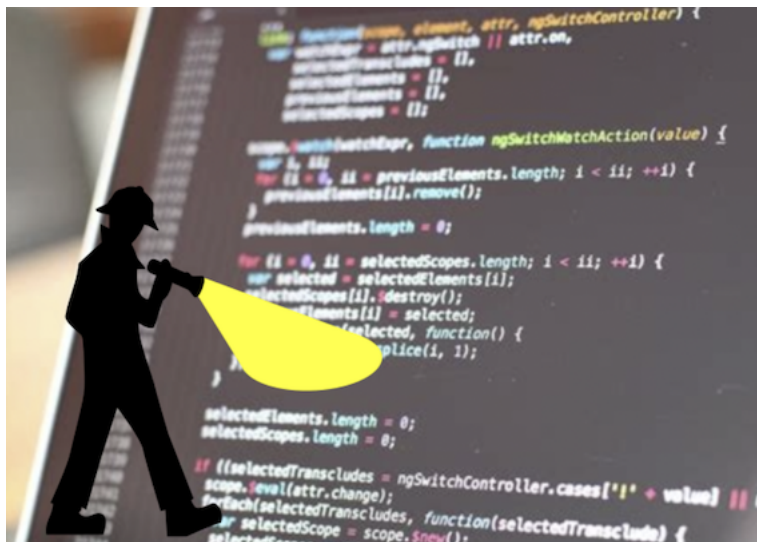


Investing in code reviews for better research software

Thibault Lestang Dominik Krzemiński Valerio Maggio

Part 1

What is a code review?



Code review?

Main benefits:

- (1) Catching bugs
- (2) Ensuring quality standard
- (3) Spreading knowledge
- (4) Training new developers



From formal inspections to code review

**CODE INSPECTION REPORT
SUMMARY**

To: Design Manager: KRAUSS Development Manager: GJOTTI Date: 11/20/-
 Subject: Inspection Report for: CHECKER Inspection date: 11/19/-
 System/Application: _____ Release: _____ Build: _____
 Component: _____ Subcomponents(s): _____

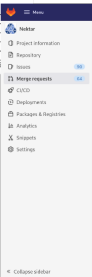
Mod/Mac Name	New or Mod	Full or Part Insp	Programmer	Tester	ELOC						Inspection				Sub-component			
					Added		Modified		Deleted		Rework		Prep			People-hours (D:XX)		
					A	M	D	A	M	D	A	M	D	Prep	Meetg	Work	Follow-up	
N			McGINLEY	HALE	348			400			50			9.0	8.8	8.0	1.5	
Totals																		

Reinspection required? YES Length of inspection (clock hours and tenths) 2.2
 Reinspection by (date) 11/25/- Additional modules/macros? NO
 DCR #'s written C-2

Problem summary: Major 13 Minor 5 Total 18
 Errors in changed code: Major LARSON Minor McGINLEY Errors in base code: Major McGINLEY Minor HALE
 Initial Des: Detailed Dr Programmer Team Leader Other Moderator's S

Design and code inspections to reduce errors in program development,
 M.E.Fagan, 1976

Code reviews are an effective method for improving software quality. Unit testing finds approximately 25% of defects, function testing 35%, integration testing 45%, and code review 55-60%. ("Code clean", McConnell, 2004)



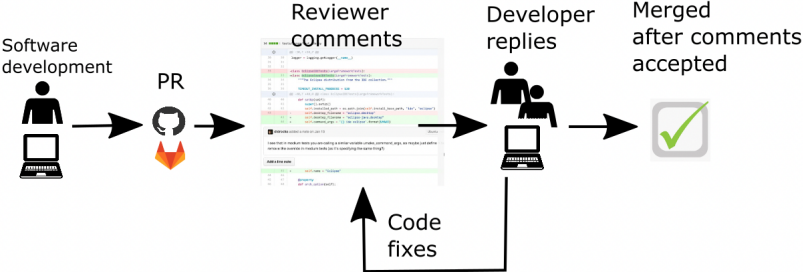
Overview | Comments | Pipelines | Changes | 7 unresoloved threads

library/Solver/Util/FilterChecker.cpp

```

102 + @@boost::ignore_unused@:
103
104 MohamedLakoui (@mohod) · 4 Oct 2022, 23:52
105 It seems that the boost::ignore_unused is not needed anymore. Could you please delete the commented line?
106
107 Reply... Resolve thread
108
109 MohamedLakoui (@mohod) started a thread on the diff 4 Oct 2022, 23:54
110
111 library/Solver/Util/FilterChecker.cpp
112
113 107 - 102 const ArrayOfSet, const No11RegIons::csp::listOfSetOfT &f (std::
114 108 const NoDouble &t) (no)
115 109 {
116 110 - 103 boost::ignore_unused(t);
117 111 + @@boost::ignore_unused@:
118 112 + @@boost::ignore_unused@:
119 113
120 114 - 104 if (in_index % n_outputFrequency == 0) { return No11RegIons(
121 115 + 104 - 104 if (in_index % n_outputFrequency == 0) { return No11RegIons(
122
123 MohamedLakoui (@mohod) · 4 Oct 2022, 23:54
124 I would make this line consistent. Either use parentheses for the first condition or remove it from the second condition please
125
126 Reply... Resolve thread
  
```

Asynchronous Code Review



Synchronous Code Review



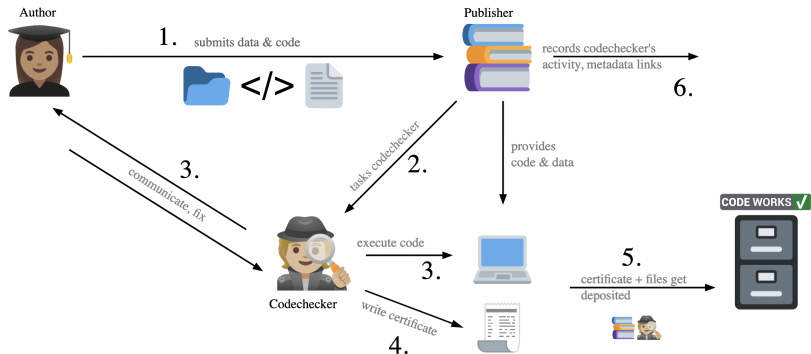
Elise Özalp, Yaxin, Defne Ozan, Daniel Kelshaw
(<https://magrilab.ae.ic.ac.uk>), Thibault Lestang. Photo cred: Neil
Montague.

Department of Aeronautics, Imperial College London

Not a peer review for code

- ▶ Code review **throughout the research process**:
 - ▶ Frequent
 - ▶ Informal
 - ▶ Low stakes
- ▶ Commonly referred as “Modern Code Review” in the SE literature. Bachelli and Bird 2013
- ▶ Can be *asynchronous* (GitHub’s Pull Requests) or *synchronous* (in person chat).

CODECHECK



Images: Twemoji (CC-BY 4.0), Noto Emoji (Apache 2.0)
Logos: doi.org, orcid.org, crossref.org

Figure 2: codecheck.org.uk

Two contexts

1. Individual developers writing their own specific software.
2. Developers collaboration on a common codebase.
 - ▶ Code review as gatekeeping.

Research on code reviews

Modern Code Review: A Case Study at Google (Sadowski, 2018)

Expectations, Outcomes, and Challenges of Modern Code Review
(Bacchelli and Bird, 2013)

Code Reviewing in the Trenches: Understanding Challenges and Best Practices (McLeod et al, 2017)

Code review by and for scientists (Petre & Wilson, 2014)

Part 1

Benefits of code reviews for research software

Code review for software quality

1. Defects
2. Code improvements



Code review for software quality

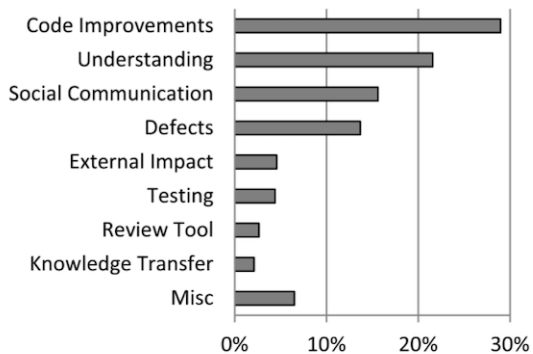


Figure 4. Frequency of comments by card sort category.

Figure 3: (Bachelli & Bird, 13)

Code reviews for understandability

More often than not source code is the only available form of documentation.

Understandability is key for **code reuse** and **transparency**.

Code reviews for team awareness

- ▶ Continuous knowledge exchange.
- ▶ Enhanced collaboration.
- ▶ Longer term resilience of project(s) (Bus factor!).

Code reviews for team awareness



Elise Özalp, Yaxin, Defne Ozan, Daniel Kelshaw
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Code review is peer learning.

- ▶ Spread of good practices.
- ▶ Homogeneisation of styles and practices

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```
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```

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```
filepath = "/my/own/specific/path/" + "data.csv"
```

```
from pathlib import Path
```

```
# ...
```

```
datadir_path = Path("/my/own/specific/path/")
```

```
filepath = datadir_path / "data.csv"
```

Part 2: Challenges

A lot of good practices around...

...but what about **research software**?

Code review is time and energy

Two complementary courses of actions:

- ▶ Regularly reflect process and follow good practices.

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Large return on investment

Being protective about code

1. There can be some unhealthy competition going on.
2. A large number of researchers feel shy about their coding practices:
 - ▶ Lack of training.
 - ▶ Other priorities, often structural (e.g. funding).
 - ▶ Why would I share my code if nobody else does?

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Code review can put software (back?) at the heart of the collaborative scientific process.

Strong heterogeneity among team members

- ▶ Experience.
- ▶ Skills (e.g. programming languages).
- ▶ Interest & motivation.

Other challenges

- ▶ Finding reviewers
- ▶ Finding guidance or mentors

Part 3: Code review good practices

A lot of the good practices from software engineering industry are applicable, **with a pinch of salt**.

Keep it short

3 times 30' instead of one time 90'

- ▶ Fit in a busy schedule.
- ▶ Doesn't feel like a big commitment.
- ▶ Code review can be a very demanding activity.

Remember that software isn't the primary driver.

Avoid comfort mode

That doesn't look quite right but I guess that's okay. . .

I just must have missed something

In code review meetings, authors should make it easy for reviewers to interject.

The author's part

feature/CAD-update

[Edit](#)[Code](#)

Merged [Michael Turner](#) requested to merge [feature/CAD-update](#) into [master](#) 26 Jul 2017, 10:57

Overview 16 Commits 12 Changes 17

All threads resolved!



This updates the CAD system to include a number of features such as step file surface names which can then be propagated to the composites. There are also a number of optimisations in OCE interface, particularly in reverse look ups.

The most critical part of the update is that it allows CAD which has been created by programs like CATIA which dont always topologically close the CAD, self heal and run without needing a external fixing stage.

Approval is optional

> [View eligible approvers](#)

Merged by [Revert](#) [Cherry-pick](#)

Figure 4: A very scarce description

The author's part





















 Merge remote-tracking branch 'upstream/master' into feature/CAD-update authored 31 Jul 2017, 16:47	f3784b45	
 restore geo reader authored 31 Jul 2017, 16:45	12d5849b	
 possible fix authored 31 Jul 2017, 15:56	fb685d8d	
 changelog authored 31 Jul 2017, 15:17	598d2022	
 clean up opencascade.h authored 31 Jul 2017, 15:11	4f790752	
 edits to thirdparty build oce authored 31 Jul 2017, 11:57	c36a959d	
 further cmake tweaks authored 31 Jul 2017, 11:20	5a805730	
 cmake tweaks authored 31 Jul 2017, 09:27	c9e13c5b	
29 Jul, 2017 1 commit		
 some of daves comments authored 29 Jul 2017, 19:47	41a509d8	
26 Jul, 2017 1 commit		
 cherry pick files authored 26 Jul 2017, 12:50	9dc1d7f0	

Figure 5: A very scarce description

The author's part

- ▶ Keep it small! (~30')
- ▶ Provide a description of the purpose and structure of the code.
- ▶ Think ahead what reviewers will and will not be familiar with
 - ▶ Specific libraries?
 - ▶ Specific domain knowledge?
- ▶ Ensure minimum quality standard (e.g. style, naming)

Put yourself into your reviewer(s)' shoes: what would you want to be told if asked to review your code?

Specify the feedback you are after

I'm not happy with this loop

```
for i in `seq 1 $NUMOFFIG`  
do  
    FIG=$(ls $IMDIR | head -n $i | tail -n 1)  
    echo "    ${placeholderpath}/${FIG}" >> $FILE  
done
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I don't have any specific issue in mind, but I'm curious to see whether or not you find it hard to to follow the code's logic.

Define (and enforce) a scope

Example default scope: understandability

- ▶ Obscure variable names.
- ▶ Complex conditionals.
- ▶ Duplicated code.
- ▶ Long parameter lists.
- ▶ Shallow modules.
- ▶ ~~Standard compliance.~~
- ▶ ~~Performance sinks.~~
- ▶ ~~Security concerns.~~

Default scope can be overridden at will.

Whether “it works” or not is irrelevant

- ▶ Code review is not an evaluation of a finished product.
- ▶ It is more rewarding to look at code that is WIP.
- ▶ The only expectation is that code is readable by reviewers.

Make it formal – but safe

Code review is more effective with a clear process (formal)

At the same time, Code review meetings *must* remain inclusive and supporting spaces.

It's about creating an environment where people feel confident about discussing their code to each other.

Overheard in the next meeting room

Author: *This loop I wrote looks too complicated to me.*

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Reviewer: *Although you could also do the same thing with `sed`.*

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Author: *...*

Reviewer: *Although you could also do the same thing with `sed`.*

Author (looking frustrated): *I have no idea what you're talking about.*

All feedback isn't helpful

... at least for now.

Reviewers with more programming experience/enthusiasm must be careful not to overwhelm beginners.

Use a checklist

- Poor formatting.
- Dead code.
- Missing documentation.
- Obscure names.
- Complex conditionals.
- Obscure one-liners.
- Duplicated code.
- Long procedures.
- Long parameter lists.
- Global state.
- Abuse of primitive types.
- Data clumps.
- ▶ ...

Critique the code, not the programmer

You clearly made little effort in naming things. . .

You should name this differently

I think this name is misleading

Giving feedback is not trivial

1. Own your opinions.
2. Make it about the code.
3. Be specific.
4. Suggest an alternative.

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I think this function's purpose would be much clearer if it was given a more explicit name.. perhaps `apply_bwd_transform`?

Code review is both **technical** and **social**

Code reviews can drive both inclusion and exclusion.

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Code reviews can drive both inclusion and exclusion.

A bad reviewer tries to force their preference on you. A good code reviewer makes your code conform to certain principles, but not opinion. (Quote from survey participant from Greiler, 2016)

Define (and refine) a policy

- ▶ Well defined process.
- ▶ Default scope.
- ▶ Moderator(s).
- ▶ Code of conduct.
- ▶ Conflict resolution.

A culture of openness and collaboration

- ▶ Components of a successful software project are
 - ▶ Code
 - ▶ People
 - ▶ Communication
- ▶ Research code review goes along with collective ownership of research project.