MPICH for Exascale: Supporting MPI-4 and ECP

Approved for public release

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Agenda

- Intro
- MPICH Updates
 - GPU
 - Collective
 - MPI-4
- Partner Updates
 - Intel MPI (Nusrat Islam)
 - MVAPICH (Dr. Dhabaleswar Panda)
- Q&A



Exascale MPI (MPICH)

- Funded by DOE for 29 years
- Has been a key influencer in the adoption of MPI
 - First/most comprehensive implementation of every MPI standard
 - Allows supercomputing centers to not compromise on what features they demand from vendors
- DOE R&D100 award in 2005
- MPICH and its derivatives are the world's most widely used MPI implementations
 - Supports all versions of MPI including the recent MPI-3.1
- MPICH Adoption in US Exascale Machines
 - Aurora, ANL, USA (MPICH)
 - Frontier, ORNL, USA (Cray MPI)
 - El Capitan, LLNL, USA (Cray MPI)



MPICH is not just a software It's an Ecosystem





MPICH ABI Compatibility Initiative

- Binary compatibility for MPI implementations
 - Started in 2013
 - Explicit goal of maintaining ABI compatibility between multiple MPICH derivatives
 - Collaborators:
 - MPICH (since v3.1, 2013)
 - Intel MPI Library (since v5.0, 2014)
 - Cray MPT (starting v7.0, 2014)
 - MVAPICH2 (starting v2.0, 2017)
 - Parastation MPI (starting v5.1.7-1, 2017)
 - RIKEN MPI (starting v1.0, 2016)
- Open initiative: other MPI implementations are welcome to join
- <u>http://www.mpich.org/abi</u>





RIKEN Advanced Institute for Computational Science



MPICH Distribution Model

- Source Code Distribution
 - MPICH Website, Github
- Binary Distribution through OS Distros and Package Managers
 - Redhat, CentOS, Debian, Ubuntu, Homebrew (Mac)
- Distribution through HPC Package Managers
 - Spack, OpenHPC
- Distribution through Vendor Derivatives

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MPICH Releases

- MPICH typically follows an 18-month cycle for major releases (3.x), barring some significant releases
 - Minor bug fix releases for the current stable release happen every few months
 - Preview releases for the next major release happen every few months
- Current stable release is in the 3.4.x series
 - mpich-3.4.1 was released last week
- Upcoming major release is in the 4.0 series
 - mpich-4.0a1 is released



MPICH-3.4 Series

- CH4 device being the default
 - Replacement for CH3 as default option, CH3 still maintained till all of our partners have moved to CH4
 - Co-design effort
 - Weekly telecons with partners to discuss design and development issues
 - Three primary objectives:
 - Low-instruction count communication
 - Ability to support high-level network APIs (OFI, UCX)
 - E.g., tag-matching in hardware, direct PUT/GET communication
 - Support for very high thread concurrency
 - Improvements to message rates in highly threaded environments (MPI_THREAD_MULTIPLE)
 - Support for multiple network endpoints (THREAD_MULTIPLE or not)
 - Support for GPU

The CH4 in MPICH is developed in close collaboration with vendor partners including Including AMD, Cray, Intel, Mellanox and NVIDIA







MPI_THREAD_MULTIPLE with MPI_COMM_WORLD

MPI_THREAD_MULTIPLE with separate COMMs

MPICH with CH4 Device Overview

Application									
MPI Interface									
MPI Layer									
Machine-independent Collectives	Derived Datatype Management (Yaksa)	Group Management							
Abstract Device Interface (ADI)									
Architecture-specific Collectives	Active Message Fallback Fallt	Support Dack Legacy CH3							
Netmods OFI UCX									



Supporting GPU in MPI Communication (1/3)

Native GPU Data Movement

- Multiple forms of "native" data movement
- GPU Direct RDMA is generally achieved through Libfabrics or UCX (we work with these libraries to enable it)
- GPU Direct IPC is integrated into MPICH

GPU Fallback Path

- GPU Direct RDMA may not be available due to system setup (e.g. library, kernel driver, etc.)
- GPU Direct IPC might not be possible for some system configurations
- GPU Direct (both forms) might not work for noncontiguous data
- Datatype and Active Message Support

The GPU support in MPICH is developed in close collaboration with vendor partners including Including AMD, Cray, Intel, Mellanox and NVIDIA







Supporting GPU in MPI Communication (2/3)

- MPICH support for using complex noncontiguous buffers with GPU
 - Buffer with complex datatype is not directly supported by the network library
 - Packing complex datatype from GPU into contiguous send buffer
 - Unpacking received data back into complex datatype on GPU

• Yaksa: A high performance datatype engine

- Used for internal datatype representation in MPICH
- Front-end provide interface for MPI datatypes
- Multiple backend to leverage different hardware for datatype handle
- Generated GPU kernels for packing/unpacking

The GPU support in MPICH is developed in close collaboration with vendor partners including Including AMD, Cray, Intel, Mellanox and NVIDIA





Supporting GPU in MPI Communication (3/3)

Supporting Multiple GPU Node Data movement between GPU devices Utilizing high bandwidth inter-GPU links (e.g. NVLINK) GPU-IPC Communication via Active Message Create IPC handles for GPU buffers Send IPC handles to target process Receiver initiate Read/Write using the IPC handle Fallback Path in General SHM Active Message When IPC is not available for the GPU-pair



The GPU support in MPICH is developed in close collaboration with vendor partners including Including AMD, Cray, Intel, Mellanox and NVIDIA



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New Collective Infrastructure

- Thanks to Intel for the significant work on this infrastructure
- Two major improvements:
 - C++ Template-like structure (still written in C)
 - Allows collective algorithms to be written in template form
 - Provides "generic" top-level instantiation using point-to-point operations
 - Allows device-level machine specific optimized implementations (e.g., using triggered operations for OFI or HCOLL for UCX)
 - Several new algorithms for a number of blocking and nonblocking collectives (performance tuning still ongoing)

Contributed by Intel (with some minor help from Argonne)



Collective Selection Framework

Choose Optimal Collective Algorithms

- Optimized algorithm for certain communicator size, message size
- Optimized algorithm using HW collective support
- Making decision on each collective call
- Generated Decision Tree
 - JSON file describing choosing algorithms with conditions
 - JSON file created by profiling tools
 - JSON parsed at MPI_Init time and applied to the library

Contributed by Intel (with some minor help from Argonne)



MPICH 4.0 Release Series

Implement MPI-4 Standard

and more ...





Focuses in MPICH 4.0 Release Series

- Full implementation of MPI 4 specification
 - MPI Sessions
 - Partitioned Communications
 - Persistent Collectives, Tool Events, Large Count, and more
 - https://www.mpi-forum.org/docs/
- Enhance GPU and threading support
 - Make the support more stable and user experience smoother
 - Push the production performance to our research projection
- Improve useability
 - Explore MPIX space for more natural/direct semantics



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MPICH 4.0 Roadmap

- MPICH-4.0a1 released in February
 - Majority of the MPI 4 API implemented
- MPICH-4.0a2 will release in June
 - Synchronized to MPI Forum meeting with the expected official ratification of MPI 4 standard
 - Full implementation of MPI 4 API
 - More stable GPU/threading support

- Beta and GA release in early 2022
- Most bug fixes will be back ported to 3.4.x





C Binding Generation

- + 3,000 lines of Python script
- - 40,000 lines of C
- API extracted from mpi-standard repo
- Generates
 - Profiling interface
 - API documentation
 - Parameter validation
 - Handle object pointer conversion
- Fortran binding generation will be updated to Python and unified
 - F08 binding generation 80% done



MPI_Bcast_init:

.desc: Creates a persistent request for broadcast

MPI Session

- Libraries to keep MPI usage opaque to user
- Basic implementation internally initializes "world" in the first MPI_Session_init/MPI_Init



- Better implementation will delay the world initialization to first world-comm
- Fully correct implementation need to support first-class dynamic processes



Partitioned Communication

- In-between two-sided (pt2pt) and one-sided (RMA) communication
- Basic implementation done, plenty of optimization opportunity ahead!



Large Count API

- A large count version for every API that has a "count" or "displacement" argument (guess how many?)
- No more work-arounds!
- API use MPI_Count, internally we use MPI_Aint where-ever possible



Enhanced GPU Support

- MPICH is fully GPU-aware since 3.4.0
- But ...
 - May experience degraded performance even for non-GPU app
 - GPU initialization cost, GPU pointer query cost, ...
 - Cloudy with a chance of crash
 - GPU testing takes 8 hours!
 - Need GPU-aware API
- We are working on it ...
 - MPIR_CVAR_ENABLE_GPU=0 should recover full CPU-only performance
 - Fine-tuned usable GPU-testing and keeping it green
 - GPU direct IPC, GPU specific algorithm, ...
- Explore MPIX extension





Better Threading Support

- Enable strong scaling with multiple VCI (virtual communication interface)
- Multi-VCI for Point-to-point implemented in 3.4.0
- Multi-VCI for RMA added in 4.0a1
- Multi-VCI for Active Messages coming
- Parallel semantics based on communicator/rank/tag
- Explore MPIX for direct threading semantics





If you are excited with we are doing and

like to get more technical –

https://bluejeans.com/266293319

Give us a whistle and we'll send you an invite.

